

**INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SITUATION REPORT**  
**MONDAY, JULY 25, 2005 – 0800 MDT**  
**NATIONAL PREPAREDNESS LEVEL 3**

**CURRENT SITUATION:**

Initial attack activity was moderate nationally with 204 fires reported. Four new large fires were reported, one each in the Rocky Mountain, Southern California, Northern Rockies and Northwest Areas. Ten large fires were contained, three each in the Southwest and Eastern Great Basin Areas, two in the Western Great Basin Area, and one each in the Northern Rockies and Southern California Areas. Very high to extreme fire indices were reported in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah and Wyoming.

**EASTERN GREAT BASIN AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:**

SUNRISE COMPLEX, Cedar City Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Suwyn) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Cove, Oak and Sunrise fires is 15 miles from Gunlock, UT in brush. Structure protection is in place for the communities of Gunlock, Veyo and the Dammeron Valley Development. Roads entering Gunlock and portions of Veyo remain open to local traffic only. Overnight precipitation and higher relative humidity allowed the fire to smolder

TANK COMPLEX, Arizona Strip Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Saleen) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Tank, Cow and Twist fires is 40 miles south of St. George, UT in pinyon, juniper, grass and brush. Desert tortoise habitat, designated wilderness areas, historic mine structures and grazing allotments remain threatened. The fire perimeter experienced minimal spread due to lower temperatures and higher relative humidity. The Twist fire was contained today.

DAMMERON COMPLEX, Cedar City Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 1 Incident Management Team (Sexton) is assigned. This complex, comprised of the Dammeron, Mill Creek, Yant and Stahlie fires, is five miles north of St. George, UT in mixed conifer, pinyon, juniper and grass. The St. George municipal watershed, wildlife habitat and cultural sites remain threatened. Cloud cover, precipitation, lower temperatures and higher relative humidity continue to moderate fire behavior.

FALLS CREEK, Salmon-Challis National Forest. This fire is 25 miles northeast of Challis, ID in timber and grass. A closure order is in place for Morris and Falls Creek. Torching and short crown runs in continuous fuels were observed.

SHEEP CREEK, Ashley National Forest. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use (WFU) incident is being managed to accomplish resource objectives. The fire is 20 miles southwest of Manila, UT in timber litter and lodgepole pine. Little ground fire with smoldering was observed. This fire is in monitor status. Increase in acreage is due to more accurate mapping.

MARYSVALE PEAK, Fish Lake National Forest. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use (WFU) incident is being managed to accomplish resource objectives. The fire is 14 miles southeast of Richfield, UT in timber litter. Some precipitation was received on the fire. This will be the last report unless significant activity occurs.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
SUNRISE COMPLEX	UT	CCD	22,800	65	7/26	564	15	44	7	1	1.1M	BLM
TANK COMPLEX	AZ	ASD	66,960	50	7/27	606	20	30	3	2	623K	BLM
DAMMERON COMPLEX	UT	CCD	18,368	70	UNK	490	13	13	7	5	4.0M	BLM
FALLS CREEK	ID	SCF	570	5	UNK	135	4	1	2	0	456K	FS
SHEEP CREEK - WFU	UT	ASF	1,200	N/A	N/A	2	0	0	0	0	NR	FS
MARYSVALE PEAK - WFU	UT	FIF	761	N/A	N/A	21	1	0	0	0	340K	FS
RUPERT	ID	TFD	47,592	100	---	101	0	20	1	1	NR	BLM
PARK VALLEY	UT	NWS	18,500	100	---	22	0	6	0	0	NR	ST
NECK	UT	CCD	5,226	100	---	91	4	5	1	0	75K	BLM

TFD = Twin Falls District, Bureau of Land Management

NWS = Northwest State, Utah State

### NORTHWEST AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

BLOSSOM COMPLEX, Siskiyou National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Paul) has been ordered. This complex is 25 miles northeast of Gold Beach, OR in timber. Extremely rugged terrain with rolling debris is impeding containment efforts. Short runs and sustained backing fire were reported.

WOOD GULCH, Department of Natural Resources, Washington State. A Washington State Type 2 Incident Management Team (Johnson/Barnett) has been ordered. This fire is 16 miles south of Bickelton, WA in grass. Road closures around the fire perimeter are in affect. Scattered structures, agricultural and pasture lands remain threatened. High winds caused rapid runs and extreme fire behavior.

SCHOOLIE RIM, Warm Springs Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is seven miles north of Warm Springs, OR in scattered juniper, grass and sagebrush. No further information was received.

SHITIKE CREEK, Warm Springs Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is two miles west of Warm Springs, OR. Low humidity and high winds are hampering containment efforts. No further information was received.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
BLOSSOM COMPLEX	OR	SIF	40	0	UNK	101	3	0	4	0	1K	FS
WOOD GULCH	WA	WAS	3,500	50	7/25	217	4	5	3	0	200K	ST
SCHOOLIE RIM	OR	WSA	1,271	25	UNK	50	1	8	1	0	150K	BIA
SHITIKE CREEK	OR	WSA	413	30	7/25	70	2	4	2	0	150K	BIA

### ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

OLD HILL CITY RD, Division of Forestry, South Dakota State. This fire is three miles northwest of Keystone, SD in hardwood litter. Evacuations are in place for Hardesty Road and Holy Smoke Trail Rides. The community of Keystone is threatened. Group tree torching with uphill runs was reported.

SOUTH SUNDANCE COMPLEX, Black Hills National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Mullenix) is assigned. This fire is 15 miles southeast of Sundance, WY in hardwood litter. Archeological resources and historic buildings are threatened. Extreme fire behavior with sustained crown runs was reported.

PACK TRAIL COMPLEX, White River Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Fire Use Management Team (Hahnenberg) is assigned. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use (WFU) complex, comprised of Pack Trail, West Jordon and Smith Gulch, is being managed to accomplish resource objectives. This complex is 10 miles west of Meeker, CO in timber litter and brush. Cloud cover and higher relative humidity reduced activity on the West Jordan fire. Limited growth was reported on the Pack Trail fire. No smoke was visible on the Smith Gulch fire.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
OLD HILL CITY RD	SD	SDS	150	0	7/28	71	2	8	3	0	NR	ST
SOUTH SUNDANCE COMPLEX	SD	BKF	2,500	10	UNK	244	3	38	0	0	400K	FS
PACK TRAIL COMPEX - WFU	CO	WRD	3,238	N/A	N/A	57	0	0	1	0	421K	BLM
BUCK PARK #2 - WFU	CO	RGF	101	N/A	N/A	11	0	0	0	0	27K	FS

RGF = Rio Grande National Forest

### SOUTHWEST AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

TWIN MILLS, Phoenix Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Philbin) is assigned. This fire is 25 miles northwest of Kingman, AZ in grass, desert shrub and juniper. Golden valley and critical Bighorn Sheep habitat is threatened. The fire received precipitation, hindering ground transportation. Minimal fire activity was reported.

BARFOOT, Coronado National Forest. This fire is 35 miles southwest of Willcox, NM in mixed conifer. Structure protection is in place for a church camp. The fire received heavy precipitation and is smoldering in the interior.

PEACHVILLE, Tonto National Forest. This fire is four miles north of Superior, AZ in chaparral. Steep terrain and heavy fuels continue to impede control efforts. No further information was received.

BEAR, San Carlos Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Smith) is assigned. This fire is 30 miles north of San Carlos, AZ in chaparral, pinyon, juniper and brush. Rangeland and wildlife habitat remain threatened. Active fire behavior due to wind and steep topography with individual tree torching were observed.

JEFF, Truxton Canyon Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is 50 miles northwest of Peach Springs, AZ in grass and brush. Moderate precipitation was received on the fire. The fire is in monitor status.

CLAY TANK, Truxton Canyon Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is 40 miles northwest of Peach Springs, AZ in cheatgrass and sage. Rugged terrain is posing control problems. Moderate precipitation was received on the fire.

DIAMOND, Truxton Canyon Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. This fire is 50 miles northwest of Peach Springs, AZ in sage, yucca and grass. This fire is in monitor status. This will be the last report unless new information is received.

KNOLES, Tonto National Forest. This fire is 17 miles south of Young, AZ in timber litter. Steep, rocky terrain with heavy fuel loading continues to impede suppression efforts. No new information was received.

GREENBACK, Tonto National Forest. This fire is 12 miles east of Punkin Center, AZ in short grass and chaparral. Little fire activity was observed. This fire remains in monitor status.

WILLOW, Gila National Forest. This fire is seven miles southwest of Reserve, NM in grass, ponderosa pine, pinyon and juniper. Line construction on the southwest side of the fire was completed, and light precipitation was received. This fire will be in monitor status

TWO BAR, Tonto National Forest. This fire is six miles southwest of Roosevelt, AZ in chaparral. This fire is in monitor status. No further information was received.

BRUSH, Gila National Forest. This fire is 25 miles northwest of Silver City, NM in hardwood litter and brush. Minimal fire behavior was observed. This fire is in monitor status.

JONES, Gila National Forest. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use (WFU) incident is being managed to accomplish resource objectives. The fire is 28 miles southwest of Quemado, NM in timber. This will be the last narrative report unless further information is received.

MILES, Tonto National Forest. This lightning-caused Wildland Fire Use (WFU) incident is being managed to accomplish resource objectives. The fire is 10 miles north of Superior, AZ in short grass. This will be the last narrative report unless significant activity occurs.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
TWIN MILLS	AZ	PHD	12,968	50	7/26	336	6	28	4	0	200K	BLM
BARFOOT	AZ	CNF	1,581	50	7/30	132	4	5	1	0	400K	FS
PEACHVILLE	AZ	TNF	9,750	70	7/27	95	3	1	1	0	NR	FS
BEAR	AZ	SCA	1,000	75	7/25	406	13	3	2	0	667K	BIA
JEFF	AZ	TCS	3,578	90	7/26	41	2	2	0	0	NR	BIA
CLAY TANK	AZ	TCA	3,100	95	7/26	25	1	1	0	0	NR	BIA
DIAMOND	AZ	TCA	1,200	70	UNK	0	0	0	0	0	NR	BIA
KNOLES	AZ	TNF	566	30	8/3	152	6	0	2	0	40K	FS
GREENBACK	AZ	TNF	850	NR	7/25	0	0	0	0	0	NR	FS
WILLOW	AZ	GNF	135	NR	UNK	1	0	0	0	0	NR	FS
TWO BAR	AZ	TNF	2,100	90	7/25	0	0	0	0	0	NR	FS
BRUSH	NM	GNF	499	NR	UNK	1	0	0	0	0	NR	FS
JONES – WFU	NM	GNF	114	N/A	N/A	15	1	0	0	0	NR	FS
MILES - WFU	AZ	TNF	1,500	N/A	N/A	1	0	0	0	0	5K	FS
BLACK RANGE COMPLEX - WFU	NM	GNF	72,726	N/A	N/A	30	2	4	0	0	2.2M	FS
SH RANCH COMPLEX	AZ	AZS	23,696	100	---	0	0	0	0	0	676K	ST
J. CANYON	AZ	AZS	10,500	100	---	0	0	0	0	0	1.5M	ST
EDGE COMPLEX	AZ	TNF	71,635	100	---	570	10	20	6	0	3.1M	FS

AZS = Arizona State

### NORTHERN ROCKIES AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

BERRY MEADOWS, Beaverhead/Deerlodge National Forest. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Specht) is assigned. This fire is 12 miles southwest of Jackson, MT in timber. Heavy dead and down fuels, snags and lack of natural barriers continues to hinder containment efforts. Temporary road closures for the Skinner Meadows Road and Lower Miner Lakes road is in place. Slow rates of spread with isolated torching was reported.

KNOX, Lewiston Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Benes) is assigned. This fire started on private land 20 miles east of Winifred, MT in ponderosa pine. A farm, ranch buildings and grazing land are threatened. Short crown runs with group torching and short range spotting was observed.

BIG HORN, Crow Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Larsen) is assigned. This fire is 44 miles southeast of Billings, MT in timber, juniper and sagebrush. The fire made a significant run along the southern perimeter. Creeping and smoldering were observed.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
BERRY MEADOWS	MT	BDF	475	20	7/26	296	9	5	3	0	349K	FS
KNOX	MT	LED	864	0	UNK	166	2	8	3	0	91K	PRI
BIG HORN	MT	CRA	5,800	90	7/25	160	3	5	1	0	840K	BIA
BERRET GULCH	MT	SWS	57	100	---	311	9	10	1	0	538K	PRI

SWS = Southwestern Land Office, Montana State

### ALASKA AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

BOUNDARY CREEK, Alaska Fire Service, Upper Yukon Zone. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Chrisman) is assigned. This fire started on Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act land six miles southeast of Eagle, AK in black spruce and hardwood litter. A portion of the fire is in Canada. Structures and native allotments are threatened. Active crowning in burnout areas with backing and torching fire on the main front was reported.

FOX CREEK, Kenai-Kodiak Area Forestry, Alaska Division of Forestry. This incident is being managed to accomplish resource objectives. This fire is 35 miles southeast of Soldotna, AK in beetle-killed spruce, hardwoods and timber litter. Smoke impact to recreational users and surrounding communities remain a concern. Smoldering and creeping primarily in interior islands were observed.

MISSION CREEK, Alaska Fire Service, Upper Yukon Zone. A Type 2 Incident Management Team (Chrisman) is assigned. This fire is being managed in conjunction with the Boundary Creek fire. This fire started on Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act land nine miles west of Eagle, AK in black spruce and tundra. Structures in and around Eagle remain threatened. Difficult terrain and lack of water sources continue to hinder control efforts. Backing fire continues with occasional torching.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
BOUNDARY CREEK	AK	UYD	23,000	20	UNK	336	11	5	6	0	1.8M	NCA
FOX CREEK	AK	KKS	25,520	NR	UNK	96	2	0	3	0	927K	FWS
MISSION CREEK	AK	UYD	1,200	0	UNK	62	3	0	0	0	430K	NCA

### SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

PINYON COMPLEX, Inyo National Forest. This complex, comprised of the Oak Creek, Pinyon and Hogback fires is six miles northwest of Independence, CA in timber and brush. Ground fire with a moderate rate of spread and torching were reported. A forest road and the Sawmill Trail are under a closure order. A historical water flume was destroyed. Erratic winds from thunderstorms are hindering containment.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
PINYON COMPLEX	CA	INF	300	5	8/3	75	2	0	3	0	25K	FS
KINGSTON	CA	CDD	3,500	100	---	0	0	0	0	1	NR	BLM

CDD = California Desert District, Bureau of Land Management

### WESTERN GREAT BASIN AREA INCIDENTS / LARGE FIRES:

LOOP, Las Vegas Field Office, Bureau of Land Management. This fire is 16 miles west of Las Vegas, NV in grass and brush. No new information was reported.

INCIDENT NAME	ST	UNIT	SIZE	% CTN	EST CTN	TOTL PERS	CRW	ENG	HELI	STRC LOST	\$\$\$ CTD	ORIGIN OWN
LOOP	NV	LVD	821	99	7/25	276	8	11	2	0	NR	BLM
EAST MORMON	NV	ELD	5,000	100	---	35	1	1	1	0	NR	BLM
BLUE	NV	ELD	1,100	100	---	0	0	0	0	0	NR	BLM

### OUTLOOK:

**Weather Discussion:** Monsoon moisture will continue circulating across the Southwest, southern Great Basin and Colorado. Further north, a cold will sweep across Montana, Wyoming and the Dakotas. For Alaska, an upper low moving into the Gulf of Alaska will spread rain to areas south of the Alaska Range with much drier weather over the interior.

Geographic Area Weather	High Temperatures	Minimum Relative Humidity	Wind
<b>Southwest</b> Partly cloudy. Scattered showers and thunderstorms Arizona and northern & western New Mexico. Isolated storms remainder of eastern New Mexico and west Texas.	Mountains: 70 to 85. Lower elevations: 85 to 104.	Lower elevations: 15 to 28%. Higher elevations: 25 to 35%.	Variable 5 to 15 mph with gusts to 25 mph Arizona and western New Mexico. South to southeast 10 to 20 mph New Mexico and west Texas.
<b>Eastern Great Basin</b> Idaho, Bridger-Teton: Mostly sunny. Cooler. Northern Utah: Partly to mostly cloudy. Scattered thunderstorms Wasatch eastward. Southern Utah, Arizona strip: Scattered showers and thunderstorms.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: 65 to 76 mountains, 75 to 88 valleys. Northern Utah: 72 to 85 mountains, 86 to 98 valleys. Southern Utah, Arizona strip: 75 to 88 mountains, 85 to 104 valleys	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: 20 to 35% mountains, 15 to 25% valleys Northern Utah: 28 to 50% mountains, 17 to 25% valleys. Southern Utah, Arizona strip: 25 to 50% mountains, 18 to 30% valleys.	Idaho, Bridger-Teton: West/northwest 8 to 15 mph. Northern Utah: Northwest 7 to 12 mph west of Wasatch, upslope 4 to 8 mph east of Wasatch. Southern Utah, Arizona strip: Southwest 5 to 12 mph west, upslope/upvalley 4 to 8 mph east.

<p><b>Northern California</b> Mostly sunny. Areas of coastal low clouds or fog.</p>	<p>90s to near 107 in warmest inland valleys.</p>	<p>Driest inland areas: 7 to 15%. Inland 12 to 25%. 40% or more near the coast.</p>	<p>Coast, SW to NW 5 to 15 mph and gusty. Inland, southeast-southwest 5 to 10 mph, gusting to 17 mph except 7 to 15 mph gusts 27 mph east of Cascade-Sierra crest.</p>
<p><b>Rocky Mountain</b> A few mixed wet and dry thunderstorms over South Dakota and Wyoming, with scattered thunderstorms elsewhere.</p>	<p>Mid 80s to lower 90s most locations. Mountains: 70s and lower 80s, except 70s over northern Wyoming and the northern half of South Dakota.</p>	<p>Southwest Wyoming 8 to 18%. Elsewhere 30%.</p>	<p>Northerly 15 to 30 mph over northern Wyoming and South Dakota. West 10 to 20 mph over southwest Wyoming. Variable 5 to 15 mph over Colorado.</p>
<p><b>Western Great Basin</b> Mostly sunny across northern Nevada. Partly cloudy with isolated to scattered showers and thunderstorms across the south.</p>	<p>North Valleys: 85 to 100. South Valleys: 90 to 105. Mountains: 78 to 90.</p>	<p>North Valleys: 7 to 15%. South Valleys: 12 to 22%. Mountains: 15 to 30%.</p>	<p>Southwest to northwest at 5 to 15 mph with localized afternoon gusts 25 to 30 mph across the north.</p>
<p><b>Southern California</b> Areas of morning low clouds and fog coastal areas, otherwise sunny, except becoming partly cloudy with isolated showers and thunderstorms over the mountains and deserts of southern California east of Cajon Pass in the afternoon.</p>	<p>Mountains: 85 to 100. Valleys: 95 to 105. Upper deserts: 95 to 105. Lower deserts: 105 to 115.</p>	<p>Central California: 10 to 20% Southern California: 20 to 40%.</p>	<p>Southeast to southwest 5 to 15 mph.</p>
<p><b>Alaska</b> Partly to mostly cloudy. Scattered afternoon showers and isolated thunderstorms in the interior. Scattered showers in south-central, and southwest.</p>	<p>Upper 60's to low 80's.</p>	<p>20 to 35% in the interior. Otherwise 30% to 45%.</p>	<p>North to east 5 to 15 mph.</p>



[http://www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/dsp\\_sixminutes.php](http://www.nifc.gov/sixminutes/dsp_sixminutes.php)

## **FIRE SHELTER DEPLOYMENT**

Firefighters must never rely on fire shelters, but instead should depend on well-defined and pre-located escape routes and safety zones. However, if the need for shelter deployment should ever arise, it is imperative that the firefighter knows how to deploy and use the shelter.

- Don't think of your fire shelter as a tactical tool.
- Recognize when deployment is your only option. When considering escape, remember that you can hold your breath for only about 15 seconds while running through flames or superheated air.
- If time runs out while attempting to escape, get on the ground before the flame front arrives and finish deploying on the ground. Death is almost certain if the fire catches a person off the ground. (The optimal survival zone with or without a shelter is within a foot of the ground.) Once entrapped, the highest priority is to protect the lungs and airways.
- When deploying, remove packs and place them away from the deployment area.
- Most burnovers occur during initial attack or extended initial attack. However, burnovers have occurred when crews or individuals initiated action without direction from an Incident Management Team, adequate communication, or knowledge of current fire weather.
- Escaped fires often overwhelm initial attack resources. Many wildland fire fatalities can be directly attributed to failure to follow basic wildland fire strategy and tactics—10 Standard Fire Orders, 18 Watchout Situations, and the Downhill Checklist. Use personal protective equipment.
- Even though deploying your shelter is a last resort, time is critical when entrapped. Play it safe; give yourself ample time to deploy. Failure to adequately anticipate the severity and timing of the burnover and failure to utilize the best location and proper deployment techniques contributed to the fatalities and injuries on the Thirtymile incident. Don't let the cost of opening a shelter become a factor in your decision. If the shelter isn't needed, carefully refold it and put it back in its case until you can get a new one. Save the opened shelter for training.
- Before passing through superheated gases, try to close the front of your shroud. You can take your shelter out of the plastic bag and use it for a heat shield to pass quickly through a hot area. If you use the shelter in this way, don't drop it or allow it to snag on brush. Remember that your lungs are still vulnerable.
- If flames contact the shelter, the glass/foil fabric heats up more rapidly. If flame contact is prolonged, spots of aluminum foil can melt or tear away, reducing protection. Even if this happens, it is still safer inside the shelter. Your flame-resistant clothing becomes your backup protection. It's even more critical to keep your nose pressed to the ground and stay in your shelter.
- Remember, direct contact with flames or hot gases is the biggest threat to your shelter. It is vital to deploy in a spot that offers the least chance of such contact. The heavier the fuels, the bigger your fuel break needs to be.
- Remember, once you commit yourself to the shelter, stay there. No matter how bad it gets inside, it is usually much worse outside. If you panic and leave the shelter, one breath of hot, toxic gases could damage your lungs. Suffocation may follow. Most firefighters were killed as a result of heat-damaged airways and lungs, not by external burns. Protect your airways and lungs at all costs by keeping your face close to the ground and staying in your shelter.

**FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES		0		0	2		2
	ACRES		9,679		1,881	5,300		16,860
Northwest	FIRES	0				3	7	10
	ACRES	1,087				2,852	3	3,942
Northern California	FIRES	1				11	2	14
	ACRES	9				15	1	25
Southern California	FIRES	1				30	9	40
	ACRES	60				160	490	710
Northern Rockies	FIRES	3	1	1		2	3	10
	ACRES	601	1	24		0	4	630
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES		6		1	5	5	17
	ACRES		21,427		1	180	72	21,680
Western Great Basin	FIRES		4					4
	ACRES		70					70
Southwest	FIRES	6	11			12	32	61
	ACRES	2	18			396	87	503
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	4	9			7	4	24
	ACRES	6	19			2	6	33
Eastern Area	FIRES					13		13
	ACRES					2		2
Southern Area	FIRES	1		3		4	1	9
	ACRES	52		2		5	5	64
TOTAL	FIRES	16	31	4	1	89	63	204
	ACRES	1,817	31,214	26	1,882	8,912	668	44,519

**FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES	2	72	45	15	320	21	475
	ACRES	3	744,408	256,176	4,573	198,651	336	1,204,147
Northwest	FIRES	118	40	14	13	466	229	880
	ACRES	21,944	1,955	4,970	5	36,079	150	65,103
Northern California	FIRES	49	6	2	4	857	157	1,075
	ACRES	42	2	0	40	13,910	62	14,056
Southern California	FIRES	27	69	7	18	1,384	310	1,815
	ACRES	315	5,022	126	72,014	22,012	2,128	101,617
Northern Rockies	FIRES	350	22	24	4	268	115	783
	ACRES	10,735	1,049	3,322	10	4,383	1,871	21,370
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	19	358	3	21	304	160	865
	ACRES	909	548,059	21	368	83,178	17,556	650,091
Western Great Basin	FIRES	2	286	8	15	48	55	414
	ACRES	3	1,022,329	6,572	50	47,001	229	1,076,184
Southwest	FIRES	1,385	241	13	35	1,151	1,093	3,918
	ACRES	22,532	144,885	9,249	287	129,232	402,578	708,763
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	232	256	20	17	354	250	1,129
	ACRES	2,973	4,986	222	10	16,435	15,356	39,982
Eastern Area	FIRES	559		34	46	8,093	457	9,189
	ACRES	7,089		1,721	949	55,164	7,800	72,723
Southern Area	FIRES	191		139	33	15,395	425	16,183
	ACRES	26,420		18,962	1,829	192,801	10,977	250,989
TOTAL	FIRES	2,934	1,350	309	221	28,640	3,272	36,726
	ACRES	92,965	2,472,695	301,341	80,135	798,846	459,043	4,205,025

<b>Ten Year Average Fires</b>	<b>50,667</b>
<b>Ten Year Average Acres</b>	<b>2,488,374</b>

\*\*\* Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. \*\*\*

**PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YESTERDAY:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern California	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern California	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern Rockies	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Western Great Basin	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Rocky Mountain	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Eastern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern Area	FIRES					1		1
	ACRES					1,500		1,500
TOTAL	FIRES	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	1,500	0	1,500

**PRESCRIBED FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES					4		4
	ACRES					626		626
Northwest	FIRES	18	92	77	2		209	398
	ACRES	5,651	12,308	3,667	249		17,973	39,848
Northern California	FIRES	12	21	137	24		167	361
	ACRES	188	1,101	24,844	2,690		18,437	47,260
Southern California	FIRES	1	5	4	13		79	102
	ACRES	1,000	282	8	2,726		6,819	10,835
Northern Rockies	FIRES	5	28	100	3	31	241	408
	ACRES	155	3,244	20,212	22	2,131	22,304	48,068
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES	1	16	4	1	10	41	73
	ACRES	1	7,049	711	11	128	10,046	17,946
Western Great Basin	FIRES		5	10			2	17
	ACRES		106	2,711			2,903	5,720
Southwest	FIRES	7	45	2	9		224	287
	ACRES	2,342	41,105	3,210	14,212		64,916	125,785
Rocky Mountain	FIRES	29	40	99	14	21	100	303
	ACRES	3,709	10,074	20,099	10,312	2,526	28,629	75,349
Eastern Area	FIRES	38		455	35	1,025	136	1,689
	ACRES	17,548		67,587	4,423	66,922	25,540	182,020
Southern Area	FIRES	34		148	52	388	1,088	1,710
	ACRES	7,180		79,110	35,609	253,047	887,475	1,262,421
TOTAL	FIRES	145	252	1,036	153	1,479	2,287	5,352
	ACRES	37,774	75,269	222,159	70,254	325,380	1,085,042	1,815,878

\*\*\* Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. \*\*\*

**WFU FIRES AND ACRES YEAR-TO-DATE:**

AREA		BIA	BLM	FWS	NPS	ST/OT	USFS	TOTAL
Alaska	FIRES			2	10			12
	ACRES			32,100	80,434			112,534
Northwest	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Northern California	FIRES						1	1
	ACRES						0	0
Southern California	FIRES				3			3
	ACRES				40			40
Northern Rockies	FIRES				4		4	8
	ACRES				10		24	34
Eastern Great Basin	FIRES				3		10	13
	ACRES				101		1,588	1,689
Western Great Basin	FIRES		4					4
	ACRES		1					1
Southwest	FIRES				2	1	12	15
	ACRES				9,278	5	103,057	112,340
Rocky Mountain	FIRES		23		3	1	5	32
	ACRES		2,606		1	1,755	1,450	5,812
Eastern Area	FIRES							0
	ACRES							0
Southern Area	FIRES				8			8
	ACRES				202			202
TOTAL	FIRES	0	27	2	33	2	32	96
	ACRES	0	2,607	32,100	90,066	1,760	106,119	232,652

\*\*\* Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments. \*\*\*

**CANADA FIRES AND HECTARES:**

PROVINCES	FIRES YESTERDAY	HECTARES YESTERDAY	FIRES YEAR-TO-DATE	HECTARES YEAR-TO-DATE
British Columbia	2	0	568	26,898
Yukon Territory	0	0	77	134,140
Alberta	0	0	1,099	60,404
Northwest Territory	1	2,264	252	136,361
Saskatchewan	0	0	297	209,779
Manitoba	0	0	210	44,766
Ontario	26	16	803	23,866
Quebec	2	0	878	787,164
Newfoundland	1	0	121	13,268
New Brunswick	0	0	237	253
Nova Scotia	5	0	227	500
Prince Edward Island	0	0	10	42
National Parks	0	0	57	34,203
<b>Total</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>1,514</b>	<b>4,836</b>	<b>1,471,644</b>

**RESOURCES STATUS: COMMITTED RESOURCES**

AREA	CREWS FED	CREWS ST/OT	ENGS FED	ENGS ST/OT	HELI FED	HELI ST/OT	AIRT FED	AIRT ST/OT	OVRHD FED	OVRHD ST/OT
Alaska	10	6		5	2	7		2	96	63
Northwest	4	17	23	36	3	12			51	43
Northern California	14	1	20		1					
Southern California	14		30		10	2			5	
Northern Rockies	22	1	9	27	3	6			193	96
Eastern Great Basin	32	26	85	87	10	20			330	95
Western Great Basin	6	5	23	6	1				2	
Southwest	44	4	37	67	11	7			311	131
Rocky Mountain	17	3	44	63	8	1			107	40
Eastern Area									4	
Southern Area										
<b>Total</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1099</b>	<b>468</b>

\*\*\* NATIONAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATION CENTER \*\*\*